



SYLLABUS OF THE SUBJECT " PENOLOGY "

Basic data of the subject	
Academic unit:	Law Faculty
Subject title:	Penology
Program:	Law
Level:	Bachelor
Case Status:	Obligatory
Year of studies:	IV/ Semester VIII
Number of hours per week:	3
Credit value – ECTS:	6
Time / location:	Law Faculty
Subject teacher:	Enver Buçaj Prof.Asoc.Dr
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Course description:	<p>The subject of Penology includes the treatment of the basic problems of the science of contemporary Penology. In its framework, selected teaching units are presented and analyzed that facilitate the achievement of basic and advanced knowledge for students related to the right to execute criminal sanctions, such as: Meaning and subject of study; the historical development of the response to criminality; criminal sanctions and their execution; the basic problems of the execution of criminal sanctions, the process of re-education of convicted persons, etc.</p>
Purpose of the course:	<p>The learning of this subject and its elaboration aims to provide students with and deepen the main knowledge on the meaning of penology and the right to execute criminal sanctions. Students should be informed that criminality is a phenomenon that represents a set of actions and behaviors against the law and harmful to the whole society. Also, the treatments within this subject will help students become familiar with the general knowledge of penology.</p> <p>During the elaboration and lecturing of this subject, they will use some methods which are more suitable for providing the material to the students and enabling them to understand the main notions and contents.</p> <p>In this way, the active and interactive teaching method will be applied, which means the exploration and interpretation of the fundamental issues of this subject, providing the students with explanations, data and essential and current information on penology and their causes. At the same time, this method also means the</p>

	active involvement of students in debates and treatments of issues that are considered of special interest.		
Learning outcomes:	<p>After completing the study of this course, students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To understand that the dynamic and complex phenomenon of penology is one of the most current and preoccupying problems for contemporary society. - To form the concept that the increase in criminal behavior, in particular some forms of manifestation of criminality, lays the need for deepening studies about the recognition of the causes and factors that determine the appearance of criminality in society. - To know the legal basis by approaching the analysis of positive legal provisions (de lege lata) and taking into account the need for completing and changing the legal infrastructure from this area (de lege ferenda). <p>To be equipped with sufficient skills to identify the nature and characteristics of criminality in society and the basic problems of the execution of criminal sanctions and modern penology. They also understand the rules, international conventions and local laws for the execution of criminal sanctions and the treatment of prisoners. All this is done in order that in their workplaces in the future they will be prepared to react successfully and professionally to anti-social phenomena.</p>		
Student workload (should correspond to the student's learning outcomes)			
Aktivitet	Hour	Day/week	Total
Lectures	3	15 javë	45
Theoretical/laboratory exercises	2	15 javë	30
Practical work	3	3	3
Contacts with the teacher/consultations	0.30 min	15	7
Field exercises	0	0	0
Colloquiums, seminars	2	2	2
Homework	2	2	2
Student's independent study time (in the library or at home)	2	15	30
Final exam preparation	2	15	30



Time spent on assessment (tests, quizzes, final exam)	1	2	2	
Projects, presentations, etc	1	1	1	
Total			150 hour (6 ECTS)	
Teaching methodology:	<p>They will also use the method of studying criminal cases, the method of interpreting positive legal provisions, the method of analyzing court cases or cases presented in the mass media or reports of governmental or non-governmental organizations on the current phenomena of this phenomenon in the world or in the region.</p> <p>In dealing with and explaining such problems, we will also use other teaching methods and techniques which are more adequate and more favorable for the concrete contents. In this way, debates will be organized separately, tests, colloquiums, essays and seminars will be applied, which will encourage students to actively and on their own initiative engage in the learning process, in learning and advancing the material of this subject. As a form of additional commitment, a research project will be prepared with students.</p>			
Evaluation methodology:	Grade	-	Points	Description
	10	A	91–100 %	Exelent
	9	B	81 – 90 %	Very good
	8	C	71 – 80 %	Good
	7	D	61 – 70 %	Pleasingly
	6	E	51 – 60 %	Fairly
	5	F	00 – 50 %	It doesn't pass
Literature				
Primary literature:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ragip Halili, Penology, Pristina, 2014; • Law on the execution of criminal sanctions in the Republic of Kosovo; • Juvenile Justice Code of the Republic of Kosovo; • Criminal Code of the Republic of Kosovo; 			

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Kosovo; • Law on the prevention and combating of cybercrime;
Literatura shitesë:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Convention against torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment; • The European Convention for the Prevention of Torture, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment and Punishment; • Minimum UN standard rules for the treatment of prisoners; • Convention on the rights of children, UN November 20, 1989;

Designed lesson plan:		
Week	Lectures	Exercise
First week:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Introductory reviews in penology - the meaning and subject of penology - methods of penology - the relationship between penology and the sciences others 	
Second week:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reaction to criminality during history - Meaning and significance - Forms of reaction to criminality - Private feedback - Public reaction 	
Third week:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theories on the legal basis and purpose of punishment - idealistic and metaphysical tests - the view of divine justice - social contract theories - normativist legal theories - sociological theories - theories on the purpose of punishment - absolute and relative theories on the purpose of punishment - contemporary theories 	
Fourth week:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Criminal sanctions and execution theirs; - Meaning and forms of sanctions Criminal; -Criminal sanctions according to criminal legislation of the Republic of 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kosovo; - Criminal sanctions according to the Code penal code of Kosovo; - Substitution of imprisonment by order for works of general benefit; - Court notice - Mandatory treatment measures - Criminal sanctions according to the code of justice for minors in Kosovo; 	
<i>Fifth week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Character and types of sanctions criminal before the sentencing with prison; - Imprisonment sentences and their execution; - Main operating systems of imprisonment; 	
<i>Sixth week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The role of organizations and international associations for the development and improvement of execution of criminal sanctions; 	
<i>Seventh week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The basic problems of execution of criminal sanctions in modern penology; - Execution of prison sentences and treatment of prisoners; - the process of re-education and re-integration; - classification of convicted persons classification and categorization of correctional institutions; 	
<i>Eighth week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Means and methods of treatment of those sentenced to imprisonment; - Staff work with convicts; - methods of group treatment with convicted persons; 	Colloquium II
<i>Week nine:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Organization of the execution of criminal sanctions; - structure of organs and main services on the organization of criminal sanctions; - structure and organization of internal institutions corrective; 	
<i>Tenth week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Basic vegetables on execution of the prison sentence 	



	- importance and types of principles	
<i>Eleventh week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The position of convicted persons during their stay in correctional institutions; - the beginning of the execution of the prison sentence; - the benefits of convicts during the execution of the prison sentence - transfer, suspension and release of convicted persons; 	
<i>Week twelve:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Execution of alternative sentences; - Execution of supplementary sentences; - Execution of other sentences; - Execution of sanctions against minors; - Measures and penalties applicable to minors; - Execution of diversity measures against minors; - Types of educational measures; - Institutional educational measures; - Execution of sentences against minors; 	
<i>Thirteenth week:</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Execution of sentences of criminal decisions in Albania; - execution of the prison sentence; - execution of other criminal decisions; - Execution of fines; - Execution of medical measures; - Execution of the educational measure; 	
<i>Week Fourteen:</i>	Regulations, international conventions and local laws for the execution of criminal sanctions and the treatment of prisoners	
<i>Fifteenth week:</i>	Colloquium II	
Academic policies and code of conduct		



Students are obliged to:

- To respect the schedule of lectures and exercises.
- To adhere to all educational rules.
- Plagiarism and similar fraudulent phenomena will be punished according to the legal acts in force.